

Well-Child Visits Schedule Infancy through Adolescence

Keeping Kids Healthy! Health Exams | Growth and Development | Tests | Screenings | Safety

Health Exams | Growth and Development | Tests | Screenings | Safety Sleep Habits | Behavior | Emotional | Socialization | Mental Health Learning | Nutrition | Immunizations | Physical Activity





What are the benefits of well-child visits?

- **Prevention**. Your child gets scheduled immunizations to prevent illness. You also can ask your primary care provider about nutrition and safety in the home and at school.
- **Tracking growth and development**. See how much your child has grown in the time since your last visit, and talk with your medical provider about your child's development. You can discuss your child's milestones, social behaviors, and learning.
- **Raising concerns**. Make a list of topics you want to talk about with your child's primary care provider such as development, behavior, sleep, eating or getting along with other family members. Bring your top three to five questions or concerns with you to talk with your provider at the start of the visit.
- **Team approach**. Regular visits create strong, trustworthy relationships among primary care provider, parent and child. The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends well-child visits as a way for primary care providers and parents to serve the needs of children. This team approach helps develop optimal physical, mental and social health of a child.

What happens during a well-child visit?

During a well-child visit, your primary care provider will:

- Perform a physical exam
- Give the child any necessary shots (immunizations or vaccinations)
- Track how your child is growing and developing
- Talk about illness prevention, diet and physical fitness, and health and safety issues
- Talk about how to handle emergencies and sudden illness.

Make sure your medical provider isn't doing all the talking. The well-child visit is your best opportunity to bring up any worries about your child's growth and development, especially if your child is not reaching important milestones. Remember, your provider may be an expert in children's health, but you are the expert on your child.

Also, don't be afraid to ask questions, medical or otherwise. Your child's medical provider can give you valuable advice on how to promote your child's learning and development, how to potty train, tips on playground safety, and more.

When should my child go for their well-child visits?

Even children who are perfectly healthy go to the doctor a lot. That's because the first two years are a crucial time in a child's growth and development, and your doctor will want to keep close tabs on your child's progress.

The American Academy of Pediatrics has a recommended schedule of visits for children starting soon after they are born, and continuing to adulthood. [Insurance reimbursements may vary according to your insurance plan; especially coverage for the 1 month and 2 ½ year visits. The Knoxville Hospital & Clinics recommends that parents discuss coverage with their insurance carrier.]

The immunizations and vaccinations your child is scheduled to receive at their well-child visit are listed in the <u>Childhood Immunization Schedule</u>.

Well-Child Care Visits Schedule

This scheduled was adapted from the American Academy of Pediatrics recommendations for primary care providers and parents to serve the physical, mental and social health needs of children.

Visit Schedule	What to Expect Development Milestones				
Newborn Visit	• Examinations: Physical development	Eats well			
2 to 5 days	• Discussion topics: Newborn care, the	Follows your face			
	transition to home, nutritional adequacy,	Turns and calms to your			
	parental well-being, and safety	voice			
	• Review of systems: Nutrition,	Can suck, swallow, and			
	elimination, sleep, behavior	breath easily			
	Screenings/Tests: If your baby hasn't				
	gone through a metabolic/hemoglobin				
	screening yet, they will at this				
	appointment.				
1 month	• Examinations: Physical examination	• If upset, able to calm			
(Covered by	• Discussion topics: Parental well-being,	Follows parents with eyes			
most insurance	feeding routines, infant adjustment,	Recognizes parents' voices			
plans if the child	safety	Smiles			
is breast feeding.	• Review of systems: Nutrition,	Lifts head when on tummy			
Check with your	elimination, sleep, and behavior				
insurance	• Screenings/Tests: Vision, tuberculosis				
carrier.)					
2 months	• Examinations: Physical, cognitive,	Smiles			
	communicative, social-emotional	• Coos			
	Review of systems: Nutrition,	Looks at you			
	elimination, sleep, behavior	Comforts self (brings hands			
	Discussion topics: Maternal well-	to mouth)			
	being, infant-family synchrony,	Has different types of cries			
	nutritional adequacy, infant behavior,	to show hunger or when			
	safety	tired			
	Screenings/Tests: Vision	Fusses if bored			
		• Moves both arms and legs			
		together			
		Holds head up when held			
		• Pushes head up when lying			
		on tummy			

4 months	 Examinations: Physical, hearing, vision, healthy teeth, cognitive, communicative, social-emotional Discussion topics: Family functioning, nutritional adequacy and growth, infant development, oral health, safety Review of systems: Nutrition, elimination, sleep, behavior, activity Screenings/Tests: A Hematocrit or hemoglobin screening may be ordered to test for anemia. 	 Smiles to get your attention Keeps head steady when sitting on your lap Begins to roll and reach for objects Wants you to play Can calm down on their own Likes to cuddle Lets you know when they like something Lets you know when they don't like something Uses arms to lift chest Babbling
6 months	 Examinations: Physical development, hearing, vision, oral health, cognitive, communicative, social-emotional Discussion topics: Family functioning, nutrition and feeding, infant development, oral health, safety Review of systems: Nutrition, elimination, sleep, behavior, activity Screenings/Tests: Baby may get a lead screening to make sure they haven't been exposed to dangerous levels of lead, which can affect their developmental and behavioral growth. The provider may also give baby a tuberculosis test and check their oral health — they may have their first tooth by now! 	 Rolls over Sits briefly, leans forward Likes to play with you Babbles and tries to "talk" to you Likes to look around Begins name recognition Smiles at people the child knows Puts things in their mouth
9 months	 Examinations: Physical development, cognitive, communicative, social-emotional, vision, hearing Discussion topics: Family adaptations, infant independence, feeding routine, safety Review of systems: Nutrition, elimination, sleep, behavior, activity 	 Looks for something that has been dropped Pulls to stand Is afraid of new people Goes to you to play and be comforted Points things out Sits well Can repeat sounds

	Screenings/Tests: Oral health check, lead exposure	Looks at booksCrawlsPlays peekaboo
12 months	 Examinations: Physical development, cognitive, communicative, social-emotional, vision, hearing Discussion topics: Family support, establishing routines, feeding and appetite changes, establishing a dental home, safety Review of systems: Nutrition, elimination, sleep, behavior, activity Screenings/Tests: Hematocrit or hemoglobin screening; may receive lead screening; oral health; TB test 	 Bangs toys together Waves bye-bye Tries to do what you do Stands alone Drinks from a cup Speaks 1 to 2 words Babbles Tries to make the same sounds you do Looks at things you are looking at Cries when you leave Hands you a book to read Follows simple directions Plays peekaboo
15 months	 Examinations: Physical development, cognitive, communicative, social-emotional, vision, hearing Discussion topics: Communication and social development, sleep routines and issues, temper tantrums and discipline, healthy teeth, safety Review of systems: Nutrition, elimination, sleep, behavior, activity 	 Tries to do what you do Bends down without falling Walks well Puts block in a cup Scribbles Drinks from a cup with very little spilling Says two to three words Listens to a story Helps in the house Brings toys over to show you Follows simple commands
18 months	 Examinations: Physical development, cognitive, communicative, social-emotional, vision, hearing, oral health Discussion topics: Family support, child development and behavior, language promotion/hearing, toilet training readiness, safety Review of systems: Nutrition, elimination, sleep, behavior, activity 	 Knows name of favorite book Laughs in response to others Runs Walks up steps Speaks six words Uses spoon and cup without spilling most of the time

	• Screenings/Tests: Lead screening; a TB test; hematocrit or hemoglobin test to check for anemia; Autism screening (your provider will check for signs of autism spectrum disorders (ASDs), a group of developmental disorders that can affect a child's behavior, social skills and communication skills). Your provider is looking at your baby's reaction to certain things; and will ask the parent a	 Points to one body part Stacks two small blocks Helps around the house
	series of observational questions. If your child does show signs of an ASD, your provider will recommend services or programs that can help with your child's development.	
2 years	 Examinations: Physical development, cognitive, communicative, social-emotional, vision, hearing Discussion topics: Assessment of language development, temperament and behavior, toilet training, TV viewing, safety Review of systems: Nutrition, elimination, toilet training, sleep, behavior/temperament, physical activity Screenings/Tests: Your child's medical provider may give them a hematocrit or hemoglobin test to check for anemia, a lead screening, autism-specific screen, a TB test or an oral health examination. Another possibility is a dyslipidemia screening, which tests for signs of a lipid disorder. It's done through a blood test. 	 Stacks five or six small blocks Kicks a ball Walks up and down stairs one step at a time alone while holding wall or railing Can point to at least two pictures that you name when reading a book Throws a ball overhand Names one picture such as a cat, dog, or ball Jumps up Copies things that you do Follows two-step command When talking, puts two words together, like "my book" Turns book pages one at a time Plays pretend Plays alongside other children
2 ¹ / ₂ years [Not covered by all insurance	• Examinations: Physical development, cognitive, communicative, social-emotional, vision, hearing, oral health	Points to six body partsJumps up and down in place

plans. Check with your insurance carrier.]	 Discussion Topics: Family routines, language promotion and communication, social development, preschool considerations, safety Review of Systems: Nutrition, elimination, toilet training, sleep, behavior/temperament, physical activity Screenings/Tests: Structured development screen 	 Puts on clothes with help Other people can understand what your child is saying half of the time Washes and dries hands without help Plays pretend Plays with other children, like tag When talking, puts three or four words together Knows correct animal sounds (such as cat meows, dog barks) Brushes teeth with help
3 years	 Examinations: Physical development, cognitive, communicative, social-emotional, hearing, oral health Discussion Topics: Family support, encouraging literacy activities, playing with peers, promoting physical activity, safety Review of systems: Nutrition, elimination, toilet training, sleep, behavior/temperament, physical activity, parent-child interactions Screenings/Tests: Your child's medical provider may give them a hematocrit or hemoglobin test to check for anemia, a lead screening, autism-specific screen, a TB test or an oral health examination. 	 Stacks six small blocks Throws a ball overhand Balances on each foot Copies a circle Names a friend Pretend play, such as playing house or school Has a conversation with two to three sentences together Knows the name and use of cup, spoon, ball, and crayon Usually understandable Walks up the stairs switching feet Toilet trained during the day Draws a person with two body parts Can help take care of himself by feeding and dressing Identifies as a girl or boy

4 years	 Examinations: Physical development, cognitive, communicative, social-emotional Discussion Topics: School readiness, healthy personal habits, TV/media, child and family involvement, safety Review of Systems: Nutrition, elimination, toiled trained, sleep, behavior/temperament, physical activity, toxic exposure, passive smoking, parent-child interaction Screening/Tests: Your child's medical provider may order a hematocrit or hemoglobin test to check for anemia, a lead screening, autism-specific screen, a TB test or an oral health examination. Another possibility is a dyslipidemia screening, which tests for signs of a lipid disorder. It's done through a blood test. 	 Builds a tower of eight small blocks Copies a cross Can balance on each foot Names four colors Hops on one foot Draws a person with three parts Dresses themselves, including buttons Plays pretend by alone and with others Knows their name, age, and whether they are a boy or girl Plays board or card games Other people can understand what they are saying Brushes own teeth
5 years	 Examinations: Physical development, motor, language, learning Discussion Topics: School readiness, mental health, nutrition and physical activity, oral health, safety Review of Systems: Nutrition, sleep, physical activity, school, parent-child- sibling interaction, cooperation/oppositional behavior Screening/Tests: Lead, TB test, anemia 	 Listens well and follows simple instructions Can tell a story with full sentences Counts to 10 Names at least four colors Draws a person with six body parts Copies squares and triangles Writes some letters and numbers Balances on one foot Hops, skips, and climbs Ties a knot
6 year	 Examinations: Physical development, motor, language, learning Discussion Topics: School readiness, mental health, nutrition and physical activity, oral health, safety 	 Listens well and follows simple instructions Names at least four colors Balances on one foot Draws a person with six body parts

	 Review of Systems: Nutrition, sleep, physical activity Screenings/Tests: Lead, TB test, Dyslipidemia, Anemia, Oral health 	 Counts to 10 Copies squares, triangles Can tell a story with full sentences Writes some letters and numbers Hopes, skips, climbs Ties a knot
7 year	 Examinations: Physical development Discussion Topics: School, development and mental health, nutrition and physical activity, oral health, safety Review of Systems: Nutrition, sleep, physical activity Screenings/Tests: Vision, hearing, TB, anemia 	 Eats healthy meals and snacks Has friends Gets along with family Is doing well in school Participates in an after-school activity Is vigorously active for 1 hour a day Does chores when asked
8 year	 Examinations: Physical development Discussion Topics: School, development and mental health, nutrition and physical activity, oral health, safety Review of Systems: Nutrition, sleep, physical activity Screenings/Tests: TB, dyslipidemia, anemia 	 Eats healthy meals and snacks Has friends Is doing well in school Participates in an after-school activity Is vigorously active for 1 hour a day Does chores when asked Gets along with friends
9 year	 Examinations: Physical development Discussion Topics: school, development and mental health, nutrition and physical activity, oral health, safety Review of Systems: nutrition, physical activity Screening/Tests: vision, hearing, TB, anemia 	 Eats healthy meals and snacks Has friends Is doing well in school Feels good about himself Participates in an after- school activity Is vigorously active for 1 hour a day Gets along with family Getting changes to make own decisions Does an activity really well

10 year	 Examinations: Physical development Discussion Topics: school, development and mental health, nutrition and physical activity, oral health, safety Review of Systems: nutrition, physical activity Screenings/Tests: TB, dyslipidemia, anemia 	 Eats healthy meals and snacks Has friends Is doing well in school Feels good about himself Gets along with family Participates in an after- school activity Vigorously exercises for 1 hours a day Does chores when asked Getting chances to make own decisions Does an activity really well
11-14 year (Early Adolescent Visits)	 Examination: Physical development Discussion Topics: Physical growth and development, social and academic competence, emotional well-being, risk reduction and healthy behavior choices, violence and injury prevention Review of Systems: Well-teen assessment Screening/Tests/Questions: Vision, hearing, TB, dyslipidemia, anemia We recommend your child have a physical exam every 1-3 years, depending upon each individual's health status. 	 Child engages in behavior that supports a healthy lifestyle, such as eating healthy foods, being active, and keeping safe Child has at least one responsible adult in their life who cares about them and to whom they can go to if help is needed Child has at least one friend or a group of friends with whom they are comfortable Child helps others individually or by working with a group in school, a faith-based organization, or the community Child is able to bounce back from life's disappointments Child has a sense of hopefulness and self- confidence Child has become more independent and made

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		more of his or her decisions
		as becoming older
		Child is particularly good at
		doing a certain thing like
		math, soccer, theater,
		cooking, or hunting
15-17 year	Examinations: Physical development Discussion Topics: Physical growth and development, social and academic competence, emotional well-being, risk reduction, violence and injury prevent Review of Systems: Well-teen assessment Screening/Tests/Questions: Vision, hearing, tuberculosis, dyslipidemia, anemia, alcohol or drug use, STIs, cervical dysplasia, pregnancy We recommend your child have a physical exam every 1-3 years, depending upon each individual's health status	 Child engages in behavior that supports a healthy lifestyle, such as eating healthy foods, being active, and keeping self safe Has at least one responsible adult in life who cares about the child and who they can go to if help is needed Has at least one friend or a group of friends with whom they are comfortable Helps others on own or by working with a group in school, a faith-based organization, or the community Able to bounce back from
		life's disappointments
		 Has a sense of
		hopefulness and self- confidence
		Has become more
		independent and makes more of own decisions
		 Particularly good at doing a
		certain thing like math,
		soccer, theater, cooking or
		hunting
18-21 year	Examinations: Physical development	Engages in behavior that
	Discussion Topics: Physical growth	supports a healthy lifestyle,
	and development, social and academic	such as eating healthy
	competence, emotional well-being, risk	foods, being active, and
	reduction, violence and injury prevention	keeping self safe
		Reeping sen sale

Review of Systems: Well teen	•	Has at least one
assessment		responsible adult in life who
Screening/Tests/Questions: Vision,		cares about them and who
hearing, tuberculosis, dyslipidemia,		they can go to if help is
anemia, alcohol or drug use, STIs,		needed
cervical dysplasia, pregnancy	•	Has at least one friend or a
		group of friends with who
		they are comfortable
	•	Helps others on own or by
We recommend your child have a physical		working with a group in
exam every 1-3 years, depending upon each		school, a faith-based
individual's health status.		organization, or the
		community
	•	Has a sense of
		hopefulness and self-
		confidence
	•	Has become more
		independent and made
		more of their own decisions
		as becoming older
	•	Particularly good at doing a
		certain thing like math,
		soccer, theater, cooking, or
		hunting